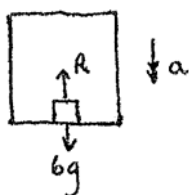


MATHEMATICS M1

1.



N2L applied to object
 $6g - R = 6a$

o.e.

M1
A1

Accelerating $a = 3$

$$R = 6g - 6 \times 3$$

$$= \underline{40.8\text{N}}$$

c.a.o.

A1

Constant speed $a = 0$

$$R = 6g$$

$$= \underline{58.8\text{N}}$$

B1

Decelerating $a = -2$

$$R = 6 + 6 \times 2$$

$$= \underline{70.8\text{N}}$$

c.a.o.

A1

2.

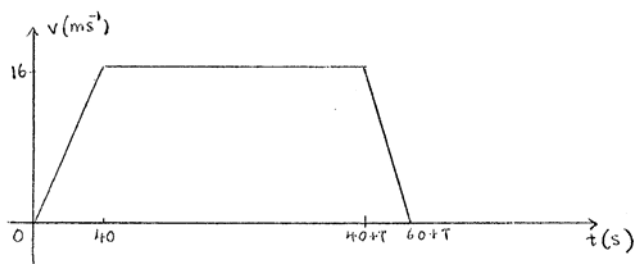
(a) Use of $v = u + at$ with $u = 0, a = 0.4, v = 1.5$

M1

$$t = \frac{16}{0.4} = \underline{40\text{s}}$$

A1

(b)



B1
B1
B1
B1

(c) $\frac{1}{2} \times 40 \times 16 + 16T + \frac{1}{2} \times 20 \times 16 = 2400$

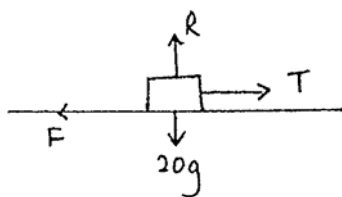
$$16T + 4800 = 2400$$

$$T = \underline{120\text{s}}$$

f.t.(a)
c.a.o.

M1, B1
A1
A1

3.



(a) $R = 20g$
 $F = \text{limiting friction} = \mu R$

used

B1
M1

$$= 0.3 \times 20g$$

$$= 58.8\text{N}$$

N2L

dim. correct

M1 A1

$$T - F = 20a$$

$$a = \frac{65 - 58.8}{20}$$

$$= \underline{0.31 \text{ ms}^{-2}}$$

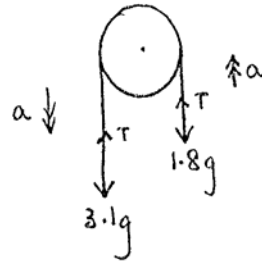
c.a.o.

A1

(b) $T < \text{limiting friction}$
 $\therefore F = T$
 $= 45\text{N}$

B1

4.



N2L applied to A and B

$$3.1g - T = 3.1a$$

M1
B1

N2L applied to B

$$T - 1.8g = 1.8a$$

A1

Adding

$$3.1g = 1.8g = 4.9a$$

$$a = \underline{2.6\text{ms}^{-1}}$$

c.a.o.

m1
A1

$$T = 1.8(2.6 + 9.8)$$

$$= \underline{22.32\text{N}}$$

c.a.o.

A1

5.

(a) Using $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$ with $s = 0, u = 22.05, a = (\pm) 9.8$

o.e.

M1

$$0 = 22.05t - \frac{1}{2} \times 9.8 t^2$$

A1

$$t = \underline{4.5\text{s}}$$

A1

$$v = \underline{22.05\text{ms}^{-1}}$$

B1

(b) Using $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ with $v = 0, u = 22.05, a = (\pm) 9.8$

o.e.

M1

$$0 = 22.05^2 - 2 \times 9.8s$$

A1

$$s = \underline{24.8 (0625)\text{m}}$$

c.a.o.

A1

(c) Using $v = u + at$ with $u = 22.05, a = (\pm) 9.8, t = 3$

o.e.

M1

$$v = 22.05 - 9.8 \times 3$$

f.t. (a) if used

A1

$$v = -7.35$$

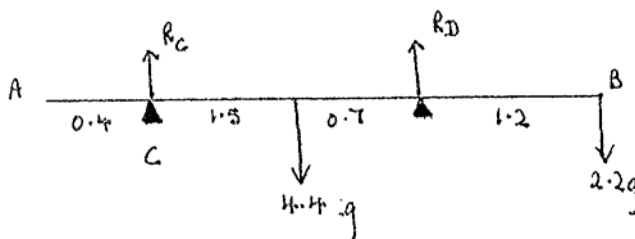
$$\text{Speed} = \underline{7.35\text{ms}^{-1}}$$

A1

Direction is downwards

B1

6.



Moments about C

all forces dim. correct

M1

$$4.4g \times 1.5 + 2.2g \times 3.4 = R_D \times 2.2$$

A2 B1

$$R_D = \underline{62.72\text{N}} \quad (6.4g)$$

c.a.o.

A1

Resolve $\uparrow R_C + R_D = 4.4g + 2.2g$

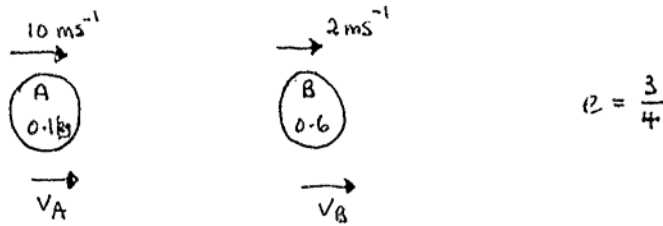
M1

$$R_C = 0.2g = \underline{1.96\text{N}}$$

f.t. R_D

A1

7. (a)



Conservation of momentum used M1

$$0.1 \times 10 + 0.6 \times 2 = 0.1 V_A + 0.6 V_B \quad \text{A1}$$

$$V_A + 6V_B = 22$$

Restitution used M1

$$V_B - V_A = -\frac{3}{4}(2 - 10) \quad \text{A1}$$

$$-V_A + V_B = 6$$

Adding $7V_B = 28$ dep. on both Ms M1

$$V_B = 4 \text{ ms}^{-1} \quad \text{c.a.o. A1}$$

$$V_A = -2 \text{ ms}^{-1} \quad \text{c.a.o. A1}$$

(b) After B collide with wall, it is moving with speed V_B' towards A

$$V_B' = \frac{1}{4} \times 4 = 1 \text{ ms}^{-1} \quad \text{f.t. B1}$$

Since $|V_B'| = 1$ and $|V_A'| = 2$, B will not catch up with A B1

(c) $I = 0.6(4 + 1)$ M1

$$= 3 \text{ NS} \quad \text{f.t. } V_B, V_B' \quad \text{A1}$$

8. (a)

	Area	dist. from AB	dist. from AE	
ABDE	60	3	5	B1
BCD	18	4	12	B1 B1
Lamina	78	x	y	B1 (areas)

Moments about AB

$$60 \times 3 + 18 \times 4 = 78x \quad \text{f.t. cand's values M1 A1}$$

$$x = \frac{43}{13} \quad \text{c.a.o. A1}$$

Moments about AE

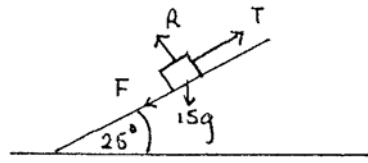
$$60 \times 5 + 18 \times 12 = 78y \quad \text{f.t. cand's values M1 A1}$$

$$y = \frac{86}{13} \quad \text{c.a.o. A1}$$

(b) $AX = \frac{43}{13} \text{ cm}$ f.t. x B1

9.

$$\mu = 0.4$$



\perp to plane $R = 15g \cos 25^\circ$ B1

Limiting friction $F = \mu R$ used M1
 $= 0.4 \times 15g \cos 25^\circ$ si M1
 $= 53.2909 \text{ N}$

Max T when body on point of moving up plane

$T = 15g \sin \alpha + F$ f.t. F M1 A1
 $T = 115.42 \text{ N}$ c.a.o. A1

Min T when body on point of moving down plane

$T = 15g \sin \alpha - F$ f.t. F M1 A1
 $T = 8.83 \text{ N}$ c.a.o. A1